STORMWATER SITE PLANNING, ANALYSIS AND DESIGN REPORT

FOR

100 WAMPANOAG TRAIL APARTMENTS WAMPANOAG TRAIL EAST PROVIDENCE, RI

OWNER/APPLICANT:

TOUCHDOWN REALITY GROUP, LLC
167 N QUIDNESSETT ROAD
NORTH KINGSTON, RI 02852



PREPARED BY:



COMMONWEALTH ENGINEERS & CONSULTANTS, INC.

400 Smith Street
Providence, RI 02908
Tel. (401) 273-6600, Fax (401) 273-6674
www.commonwealth-eng.com

MARCH 2025

CEC PROJECT NO. 24092.00

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- B. WATERSHED MAPS
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INTRODUCTION

On behalf of Touchdown Reality Group, LLC., Commonwealth Engineers & Consultants, Inc. (CEC) has prepared the following Rhode Island Department of Environmental Management (RIDEM) Stormwater Site Planning, Analysis and Design Report for the proposed Touchdown Reality Group, LLC Plat development on Wampanoag Trail in East Providence, Rhode Island. This report has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of and guidance provided in the following:

- Rhode Island Stormwater Design and Installation Standards Manual, issued March 2015 (hereinafter referred to as the "RISDISM"),
- RIPDES Construction General Permit.
- RISDISM Stormwater Management Checklist (hereinafter referred to as the "Checklist")

I-A - General Project Narrative

The following are a general description of the existing conditions on and near the subject parcel, and a detailed description of the proposed development within a portion of same.

<u>General Description of Project:</u> The applicant proposes to develop A.P. 408 Block 10 Lot 24 into a twenty-six (26) unit apartment complex and 35 space parking area. The existing building will be updated (the building footprint remaining the same).

Existing Property: The Site, identified as A.P. 408 Block 10 Lot 24, is located on Wampanoag Trail between Pickett Road and Dover Avenue. The total size of the lot is 1.5 acres +/- and the proposed limits of disturbance are 0.80 acres +/-. The site is predominately vegetated with lawn & woods and has a paved driveway/parking area.

<u>Abutting Properties:</u> The Site is in an R-3 zone in the City of East Providence. This area contains mostly residential lots of approximately $7,500\pm$ square feet. The properties surrounding the Site are:

- residential to the north, south and west, and
- a church/youth center to the east.

Natural Resources in the Area: There are no freshwater wetlands in the immediate area.

The subject property is not situated in a sole source aquifer, natural heritage area, groundwater recharge area, well head protection area or groundwater reservoir as depicted on Rhode Island Department of Environmental Management (RIDEM) Geographical Information System.

Flood Zones: The subject property is not situated in a flood zone.

Topography: The project site slopes in a generally northeasterly direction, from a localized high point located in the southernly grass area (NGVD 88, datum elevation 124 +/-), to the lowest elevation on the parcel (NGVD 88, datum elevation 112 +/-) located at the northeastern corner of the property. There is a small catchment area that is defined by the front parking area that drains to city drainage along Wampanoag Trail, with the larger remaining catchment area draining to the northeasterly direction. The existing topographic contours are depicted on the plans.

<u>Drainage Divides and Soils:</u> The site is primarily underlain with Paxton-Urban (PD) and Canton-Urban (CB) soils which are well drained sandy loam soils. High water tables are generally greater than 6" from the soil survey of RI.

Stormwater Management System: Management of stormwater runoff from the proposed development has been designed in accordance with the Rhode Island "Stormwater Management Design and Installation Rules" (RISMDIR), latest revision. No stormwater treatment systems are required for the proposed project since the impervious areas (and runoff rates) in both catchment areas will decrease from pre-project conditions. The existing pavements will be primarily resurfaced and do not trigger any water quality requirements.

<u>Wastewater Disposal System:</u> The existing building is connected to the public sanitary sewer in Wampanoag Trail.

<u>Potable Water Source:</u> The existing building is connected to the public water system.

Fire Protection: An existing fire hydrant is located on the property and is to remain.

Erosion Control Practices: A detailed soil erosion and sedimentation control (SESC) plan sheet has been prepared in conformance with RI Stormwater Handbook and RIDEM RIPDES permit requirements. A RIPDES permit is not required since the limit of disturbance is less than 1 acre.

I-B - Proposed Stormwater Collection and Treatment system

Stormwater System Design:

There is no need for a Stormwater Collection or Treatment System due to no additional runoff from the site. The proposed activities do not trigger any RIDEM Stormwater permit.

A summary of the pre/post impervious areas on subject property are detailed below:

IMPERVIOUS AREAS

Area	Pre-Project	Post-Project	Difference
Watershed Area 1 (rear yard):	22,630 s.f.	21,211 s.f.	-1,419 s.f.
Watershed Area 2 (front yard):	9,056 s.f.	8,715 s.f.	-341 s.f.

TABLE 1: HYDROCAD MODELING SUMMARY TABLE								
AREA 1 - SUMMARY								
	PRE-PF	ROJECT	POST-	PROJECT	CHANGE			
	(CFS)	(AC-FT)	(CFS)	(AC-FT)	(CFS)	(AC-FT)		
WQ STORM	0.65	0.086	0.63	0.083	-0.02	-0.003		
1-YEAR STORM	2.03	0.243	2.03	0.242	0.00	-0.001		
10-YEAR STORM	5.71	0.674	5.69	0.672	-0.02	-0.002		
100-YEAR STORM	12.60	1.525	12.56	1.521	-0.04	-0.004		

AREA 2 – SUMMARY								
	PRE-PF	ROJECT	POST-	PROJECT	CHANGE			
	(CFS)	(AC-FT)	(CFS)	(AC-FT)	(CFS)	(AC-FT)		
WQ STORM	0.20	0.016	0.19	0.016	-0.01	0.000		
1-YEAR STORM	0.40	0.031	0.38	0.030	-0.02	-0.001		
10-YEAR STORM	1.20	0.091	1.18	0.089	-0.02	-0.002		
100-YEAR STORM	2.72	0.211	2.72	0.211	0.00	0.000		

Conclusion

The stormwater collection and treatment system meet the intent of the design criteria set forth by RIDEM and City. The system will not increase peak flow rates and volumes through the 100-year storm event.



EX-WS1



EX-WS2



PR-WS1



PR-WS2









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Area Listing (all nodes)

Area	CN	Description
(acres)		(subcatchment-numbers)
0.754	61	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG B (1S, 2S, 3S, 5S)
1.425	74	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG C (1S, 3S)
0.822	98	Paved parking, HSG B (1S, 2S, 3S, 5S)
1.665	98	Paved parking, HSG C (1S, 2S, 3S, 5S)
2.447	70	Woods, Good, HSG C (1S, 3S)
7.114	80	TOTAL AREA

Type III 24-hr WQ STORM Rainfall=1.20"

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Time span=5.00-20.00 hrs, dt=0.05 hrs, 301 points
Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Split Pervious/Imperv.
Reach routing by Stor-Ind+Trans method - Pond routing by Stor-Ind method

Subcatchment 1S: EX-WS1 Runoff Area=135,497 sf 34.09% Impervious Runoff Depth>0.33"

Flow Length=450' Tc=30.8 min CN=71/98 Runoff=0.65 cfs 0.086 af

Subcatchment 2S: EX-WS2 Runoff Area=19,443 sf 46.58% Impervious Runoff Depth>0.43"

Flow Length=100' Slope=0.0200 '/' Tc=9.6 min CN=61/98 Runoff=0.20 cfs 0.016 af

Subcatchment 3S: PR-WS1 Runoff Area=135,146 sf 32.83% Impervious Runoff Depth>0.32"

Flow Length=450' Tc=30.8 min CN=71/98 Runoff=0.63 cfs 0.083 af

Subcatchment 5S: PR-WS2 Runoff Area=19,794 sf 44.03% Impervious Runoff Depth>0.41"

Flow Length=100' Slope=0.0200 '/' Tc=9.6 min CN=61/98 Runoff=0.19 cfs 0.016 af

Total Runoff Area = 7.114 ac Runoff Volume = 0.200 af Average Runoff Depth = 0.34"

65.04% Pervious = 4.627 ac 34.96% Impervious = 2.487 ac

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Summary for Subcatchment 1S: EX-WS1

Runoff = 0.65 cfs @ 12.41 hrs, Volume= 0.086 af, Depth> 0.33"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Split Pervious/Imperv., Time Span= 5.00-20.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs Type III 24-hr WQ STORM Rainfall=1.20"

A	rea (sf)	CN E	Description							
	30,297	74 >	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG C							
	35,930	98 F	Paved park	ing, HSG C						
	53,305	70 V	Voods, Go	od, HSG C						
	5,700	61 >	75% Gras	s cover, Go	ood, HSG B					
	10,265	98 F	Paved park	ing, HSG B						
1	35,497	80 V	Veighted A	verage						
	89,302	71 6	5.91% Per	vious Area						
	46,195	98 3	4.09% lmp	pervious Are	ea					
Tc	Length	Slope	Velocity	Capacity	Description					
(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)						
21.1	100	0.0200	80.0		Sheet Flow, SHEET					
					Woods: Light underbrush n= 0.400 P2= 3.30"					
5.0	150	0.0100	0.50		Shallow Concentrated Flow, SHALLOW 1%					
					Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps					
4.7	200	0.0200	0.71		Shallow Concentrated Flow, SHALLOW 2%					
					Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps					
30.8	450	Total								

Summary for Subcatchment 2S: EX-WS2

Runoff = 0.20 cfs @ 12.13 hrs, Volume= 0.016 af, Depth> 0.43"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Split Pervious/Imperv., Time Span= 5.00-20.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs Type III 24-hr WQ STORM Rainfall=1.20"

_	A	rea (sf)	CN	Description	escription							
		10,387	61	>75% Gras	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG B							
		7,766	98	Paved park	ing, HSG B							
		1,290	98	Paved park	ing, HSG C							
		19,443	78	78 Weighted Average								
		10,387	61	53.42% Pervious Area								
		9,056	98	46.58% lmp	pervious Are	ea						
	Tc	Longth	Slope	e Velocity	Capacity	Description						
	_	Length	Slope	,		Description						
-	(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)							
	9.6	100	0.0200	0.17		Sheet Flow, SHEET						
						0 0 : 0 : 0 : 0 : 0 : 0 : 0 : 0 : 0 : 0						

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Summary for Subcatchment 3S: PR-WS1

Runoff = 0.63 cfs @ 12.41 hrs, Volume= 0.083 af, Depth> 0.32"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Split Pervious/Imperv., Time Span= 5.00-20.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs Type III 24-hr WQ STORM Rainfall=1.20"

A	rea (sf)	CN [Description							
	31,766	74 >	74 >75% Grass cover, Good, HSG C							
	34,110	98 F	Paved park	ing, HSG C						
	53,305	70 V	Voods, Go	od, HSG C						
	5,700	61 >	75% Gras	s cover, Go	ood, HSG B					
	10,265	98 F	Paved park	ing, HSG B						
1	35,146	80 V	Veighted A	verage						
	90,771	71 6	37.17% Per	vious Area						
	44,375	98 3	32.83% lmp	pervious Are	ea					
Tc	Length	Slope		Capacity	Description					
(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)						
21.1	100	0.0200	0.08		Sheet Flow, SHEET					
					Woods: Light underbrush n= 0.400 P2= 3.30"					
5.0	150	0.0100	0.50		Shallow Concentrated Flow, SHALLOW 1%					
					Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps					
4.7	200	0.0200	0.71		Shallow Concentrated Flow, SHALLOW 2%					
					Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps					
30.8	450	Total								

Summary for Subcatchment 5S: PR-WS2

Runoff = 0.19 cfs @ 12.13 hrs, Volume= 0.016 af, Depth> 0.41"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Split Pervious/Imperv., Time Span= 5.00-20.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs Type III 24-hr WQ STORM Rainfall=1.20"

Ar	ea (sf)	CN	Description	Description						
	11,079	61	>75% Gras	75% Grass cover, Good, HSG B						
	7,523	98	Paved park	ing, HSG B	}					
	1,192	98	Paved park	ing, HSG C	,					
	19,794	77	7 Weighted Average							
	11,079	61	55.97% Pervious Area							
	8,715	98	44.03% Imp							
Tc	Length	Slop	e Velocity	Capacity	Description					
(min)	(feet)	(ft/f	t) (ft/sec)	(cfs)						
9.6	100	0.020	0.17		Sheet Flow, SHEET					



EX-WS1



EX-WS2



PR-WS1



PR-WS2









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Area Listing (all nodes)

Area	CN	Description
(acres)		(subcatchment-numbers)
0.754	61	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG B (1S, 2S, 3S, 5S)
1.425	74	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG C (1S, 3S)
0.822	98	Paved parking, HSG B (1S, 2S, 3S, 5S)
1.665	98	Paved parking, HSG C (1S, 2S, 3S, 5S)
2.447	70	Woods, Good, HSG C (1S, 3S)
7.114	80	TOTAL AREA

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Time span=5.00-20.00 hrs, dt=0.05 hrs, 301 points
Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN
Reach routing by Stor-Ind+Trans method - Pond routing by Stor-Ind method

Subcatchment 1S: EX-WS1 Runoff Area=135,497 sf 34.09% Impervious Runoff Depth>0.94"

Flow Length=450' Tc=30.8 min CN=80 Runoff=2.03 cfs 0.243 af

Subcatchment 2S: EX-WS2 Runoff Area=19,443 sf 46.58% Impervious Runoff Depth>0.84"

Flow Length=100' Slope=0.0200 '/' Tc=9.6 min CN=78 Runoff=0.40 cfs 0.031 af

Subcatchment 3S: PR-WS1 Runoff Area=135,146 sf 32.83% Impervious Runoff Depth>0.94"

Flow Length=450' Tc=30.8 min CN=80 Runoff=2.03 cfs 0.242 af

Subcatchment 5S: PR-WS2 Runoff Area=19,794 sf 44.03% Impervious Runoff Depth>0.79"

Flow Length=100' Slope=0.0200'/' Tc=9.6 min CN=77 Runoff=0.38 cfs 0.030 af

Total Runoff Area = 7.114 ac Runoff Volume = 0.546 af Average Runoff Depth = 0.92"

65.04% Pervious = 4.627 ac 34.96% Impervious = 2.487 ac

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Summary for Subcatchment 1S: EX-WS1

Runoff = 2.03 cfs @ 12.46 hrs, Volume= 0.243 af, Depth> 0.94"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 5.00-20.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs Type III 24-hr 1-YR Rainfall=2.70"

A	rea (sf)	CN [Description							
	30,297	74 >	74 >75% Grass cover, Good, HSG C							
	35,930	98 F	Paved park	ing, HSG C						
	53,305	70 V	Voods, Go	od, HSG C						
	5,700	61 >	75% Gras	s cover, Go	ood, HSG B					
	10,265	98 F	Paved park	ing, HSG B						
1	35,497	80 V	Veighted A	verage						
	89,302	71 6	5.91% Per	vious Area						
	46,195	98 3	4.09% lmp	pervious Are	ea					
Tc	Length	Slope	Velocity	Capacity	Description					
(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)						
21.1	100	0.0200	80.0		Sheet Flow, SHEET					
					Woods: Light underbrush n= 0.400 P2= 3.30"					
5.0	150	0.0100	0.50		Shallow Concentrated Flow, SHALLOW 1%					
					Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps					
4.7	200	0.0200	0.71		Shallow Concentrated Flow, SHALLOW 2%					
					Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps					
30.8	450	Total								

Summary for Subcatchment 2S: EX-WS2

Runoff = 0.40 cfs @ 12.15 hrs, Volume= 0.031 af, Depth> 0.84"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 5.00-20.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs Type III 24-hr 1-YR Rainfall=2.70"

_	A	rea (sf)	CN	Description							
		10,387	61	1 >75% Grass cover, Good, HSG B							
		7,766	98	Paved park	ing, HSG B						
_		1,290	98	Paved park	ing, HSG C						
		19,443	78	78 Weighted Average							
		10,387	61	53.42% Per	vious Area						
		9,056	98	46.58% lmp							
	Tc	Length	Slope	Velocity	Capacity	Description					
_	(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)						
	9.6	100	0.0200	0.17		Sheet Flow, SHEET					

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Summary for Subcatchment 3S: PR-WS1

Runoff = 2.03 cfs @ 12.46 hrs, Volume= 0.242 af, Depth> 0.94"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 5.00-20.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs Type III 24-hr 1-YR Rainfall=2.70"

_	Α	rea (sf)	CN	Description						
		31,766	74	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG C						
		34,110	98	Paved park	ing, HSG C					
		53,305	70	Woods, Go	od, HSG C					
		5,700	61 :	>75% Gras	s cover, Go	ood, HSG B				
_		10,265	98	Paved park	ing, HSG B					
	1	35,146	80	Weighted A	verage					
		90,771	71	67.17% Per	vious Area					
		44,375	98	32.83% lmp	pervious Are	ea				
	Tc	Length	Slope	Velocity	Capacity	Description				
	(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft)		(cfs)	Description				
-	21.1	100	0.0200		(6.6)	Sheet Flow, SHEET				
	21.1	100	0.0200	0.00		Woods: Light underbrush n= 0.400 P2= 3.30"				
	5.0	150	0.0100	0.50		Shallow Concentrated Flow, SHALLOW 1%				
	3.0	100	0.0100	0.00		Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps				
	4.7	200	0.0200	0.71		Shallow Concentrated Flow, SHALLOW 2%				
	•••	_50	3.0200	J., 1		Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps				
_	30.8	450	Total							

Summary for Subcatchment 5S: PR-WS2

Runoff = 0.38 cfs @ 12.15 hrs, Volume= 0.030 af, Depth> 0.79"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 5.00-20.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs Type III 24-hr 1-YR Rainfall=2.70"

A	rea (sf)	CN	Description						
	11,079	61	>75% Gras	s cover, Go	ood, HSG B				
	7,523	98	Paved park	Paved parking, HSG B					
	1,192	98	Paved park	Paved parking, HSG C					
	19,794	77	Weighted A	verage					
	11,079	61	55.97% Per	vious Area					
	8,715	98	44.03% Imp	pervious Are	ea				
			·						
Tc	Length	Slop	pe Velocity Capacity Description						
<u>(min)</u>	(feet)	(ft/f) (ft/sec) (cfs)						
9.6	100	0.020	0.17		Sheet Flow, SHEET				

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Time span=5.00-20.00 hrs, dt=0.05 hrs, 301 points
Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN
Reach routing by Stor-Ind+Trans method - Pond routing by Stor-Ind method

Subcatchment 1S: EX-WS1 Runoff Area=135,497 sf 34.09% Impervious Runoff Depth>2.60"

Flow Length=450' Tc=30.8 min CN=80 Runoff=5.71 cfs 0.673 af

Subcatchment 2S: EX-WS2 Runoff Area=19,443 sf 46.58% Impervious Runoff Depth>2.44"

Flow Length=100' Slope=0.0200 '/' Tc=9.6 min CN=78 Runoff=1.20 cfs 0.091 af

Subcatchment 3S: PR-WS1 Runoff Area=135,146 sf 32.83% Impervious Runoff Depth>2.60"

Flow Length=450' Tc=30.8 min CN=80 Runoff=5.69 cfs 0.672 af

Subcatchment 5S: PR-WS2 Runoff Area=19,794 sf 44.03% Impervious Runoff Depth>2.36"

Flow Length=100' Slope=0.0200 '/' Tc=9.6 min CN=77 Runoff=1.18 cfs 0.089 af

Total Runoff Area = 7.114 ac Runoff Volume = 1.525 af Average Runoff Depth = 2.57"

65.04% Pervious = 4.627 ac 34.96% Impervious = 2.487 ac

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Summary for Subcatchment 1S: EX-WS1

Runoff = 5.71 cfs @ 12.43 hrs, Volume= 0.673 af, Depth> 2.60"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 5.00-20.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs Type III 24-hr 10-YR Rainfall=4.90"

_	Aı	rea (sf)	CN	Description			
		30,297 74 >75% Grass cover, Good, HSG C					
		35,930	98	Paved park	ing, HSG C		
		53,305	70	Woods, Go	od, HSG C		
		5,700	61	>75% Gras	s cover, Go	ood, HSG B	
_		10,265	98	Paved park	ing, HSG B		
	1	35,497	80	Weighted A	verage		
		89,302	71	65.91% Pei	vious Area		
		46,195	98	34.09% lmp	pervious Ar	ea	
	Tc	Length	Slope	•	Capacity	Description	
_	(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft) (ft/sec)	(cfs)		
	21.1	100	0.0200	0.08		Sheet Flow, SHEET	
						Woods: Light underbrush n= 0.400 P2= 3.30"	
	5.0	150	0.0100	0.50		Shallow Concentrated Flow, SHALLOW 1%	
						Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps	
	4.7	200	0.0200	0.71		Shallow Concentrated Flow, SHALLOW 2%	
_						Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps	
	30.8	450	Total				

Summary for Subcatchment 2S: EX-WS2

Runoff = 1.20 cfs @ 12.14 hrs, Volume= 0.091 af, Depth> 2.44"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 5.00-20.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs Type III 24-hr 10-YR Rainfall=4.90"

A	rea (sf)	CN	Description	Description						
	10,387	61	>75% Gras	s cover, Go	ood, HSG B					
	7,766	98	Paved park	Paved parking, HSG B						
	1,290	98	Paved parking, HSG C							
	19,443	78	Weighted A	verage						
	10,387	61	53.42% Per	vious Area						
	9,056	98	46.58% Imp	ervious Are	ea					
Tc	Length	Slope Velocity Capacity Description								
(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft) (ft/sec)	(cfs)						
9.6	100	0.020								

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Summary for Subcatchment 3S: PR-WS1

Runoff = 5.69 cfs @ 12.43 hrs, Volume= 0.672 af, Depth> 2.60"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 5.00-20.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs Type III 24-hr 10-YR Rainfall=4.90"

_	Α	rea (sf)	CN	Description						
		31,766	74	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG C						
		34,110	98	Paved park	ing, HSG C					
		53,305	70	Woods, Go	od, HSG C					
		5,700	61 :	>75% Gras	s cover, Go	ood, HSG B				
_		10,265	98	Paved park	ing, HSG B					
	1	35,146	80	Weighted A	verage					
		90,771	71	67.17% Per	vious Area					
		44,375	98	32.83% lmp	pervious Are	ea				
	Tc	Length	Slope	Velocity	Capacity	Description				
	(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft)		(cfs)	Description				
-	21.1	100	0.0200		(6.6)	Sheet Flow, SHEET				
	21.1	100	0.0200	0.00		Woods: Light underbrush n= 0.400 P2= 3.30"				
	5.0	150	0.0100	0.50		Shallow Concentrated Flow, SHALLOW 1%				
	3.0	100	0.0100	0.00		Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps				
	4.7	200	0.0200	0.71		Shallow Concentrated Flow, SHALLOW 2%				
	•••	_50	3.0200	J., 1		Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps				
_	30.8	450	Total							

Summary for Subcatchment 5S: PR-WS2

Runoff = 1.18 cfs @ 12.14 hrs, Volume= 0.089 af, Depth> 2.36"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 5.00-20.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs Type III 24-hr 10-YR Rainfall=4.90"

A	rea (sf)	CN	Description						
	11,079	61	>75% Gras	s cover, Go	ood, HSG B				
	7,523	98	Paved park	Paved parking, HSG B					
	1,192	98	Paved park	Paved parking, HSG C					
	19,794	77	Weighted A	verage					
	11,079	61	55.97% Per	vious Area					
	8,715	98	44.03% Imp	pervious Are	ea				
			·						
Tc	Length	Slop	pe Velocity Capacity Description						
<u>(min)</u>	(feet)	(ft/f) (ft/sec) (cfs)						
9.6	100	0.020	0.17		Sheet Flow, SHEET				

Type III 24-hr 100-YR Rainfall=8.70"

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Time span=5.00-20.00 hrs, dt=0.05 hrs, 301 points
Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN
Reach routing by Stor-Ind+Trans method - Pond routing by Stor-Ind method

Subcatchment 1S: EX-WS1 Runoff Area=135,497 sf 34.09% Impervious Runoff Depth>5.88"

Flow Length=450' Tc=30.8 min CN=80 Runoff=12.60 cfs 1.525 af

Subcatchment 2S: EX-WS2 Runoff Area=19,443 sf 46.58% Impervious Runoff Depth>5.68"

Flow Length=100' Slope=0.0200 '/' Tc=9.6 min CN=78 Runoff=2.72 cfs 0.211 af

Subcatchment 3S: PR-WS1 Runoff Area=135,146 sf 32.83% Impervious Runoff Depth>5.88"

Flow Length=450' Tc=30.8 min CN=80 Runoff=12.56 cfs 1.521 af

Subcatchment 5S: PR-WS2 Runoff Area=19,794 sf 44.03% Impervious Runoff Depth>5.56"

Flow Length=100' Slope=0.0200'/' Tc=9.6 min CN=77 Runoff=2.72 cfs 0.211 af

Total Runoff Area = 7.114 ac Runoff Volume = 3.467 af Average Runoff Depth = 5.85"

65.04% Pervious = 4.627 ac 34.96% Impervious = 2.487 ac

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Summary for Subcatchment 1S: EX-WS1

Runoff = 12.60 cfs @ 12.42 hrs, Volume= 1.525 af, Depth> 5.88"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 5.00-20.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs Type III 24-hr 100-YR Rainfall=8.70"

	Α	rea (sf)	CN I	Description						
		30,297	74	74 >75% Grass cover, Good, HSG C						
		35,930	98 I	Paved park	ing, HSG C					
		53,305	70	Woods, Go	od, HSG C					
		5,700	61 :	>75% Gras	s cover, Go	ood, HSG B				
_		10,265	98	Paved park	ing, HSG B	3				
	1	35,497	80 '	Weighted A	verage					
		89,302	71 (65.91% Per	vious Area					
		46,195	98 3	34.09% lmp	pervious Are	ea				
	Tc	Length	Slope	•	Capacity	Description				
_	(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)					
	21.1	100	0.0200	0.08		Sheet Flow, SHEET				
						Woods: Light underbrush n= 0.400 P2= 3.30"				
	5.0	150	0.0100	0.50		Shallow Concentrated Flow, SHALLOW 1%				
						Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps				
	4.7	200	0.0200	0.71		Shallow Concentrated Flow, SHALLOW 2%				
_						Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps				
	30.8	450	Total							

Summary for Subcatchment 2S: EX-WS2

Runoff = 2.72 cfs @ 12.14 hrs, Volume= 0.211 af, Depth> 5.68"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 5.00-20.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs Type III 24-hr 100-YR Rainfall=8.70"

_	Α	rea (sf)	CN	<u>Description</u>			
		10,387	61	>75% Gras	s cover, Go	od, HSG B	
		7,766	98	Paved park	ing, HSG B		
_		1,290	98	Paved park	ing, HSG C		
		19,443	78	Weighted A	verage		
		10,387	61	53.42% Per	vious Area		
		9,056	98	46.58% lmp	pervious Are	ea	
	Tc Length Slope Velocity Capacity					Description	
(min) (feet) (ft/ft) (ft/sec) (cfs)					(cfs)		
9.6 100 0.0200 0.17						Sheet Flow, SHEET	

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Summary for Subcatchment 3S: PR-WS1

Runoff = 12.56 cfs @ 12.42 hrs, Volume= 1.521 af, Depth> 5.88"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 5.00-20.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs Type III 24-hr 100-YR Rainfall=8.70"

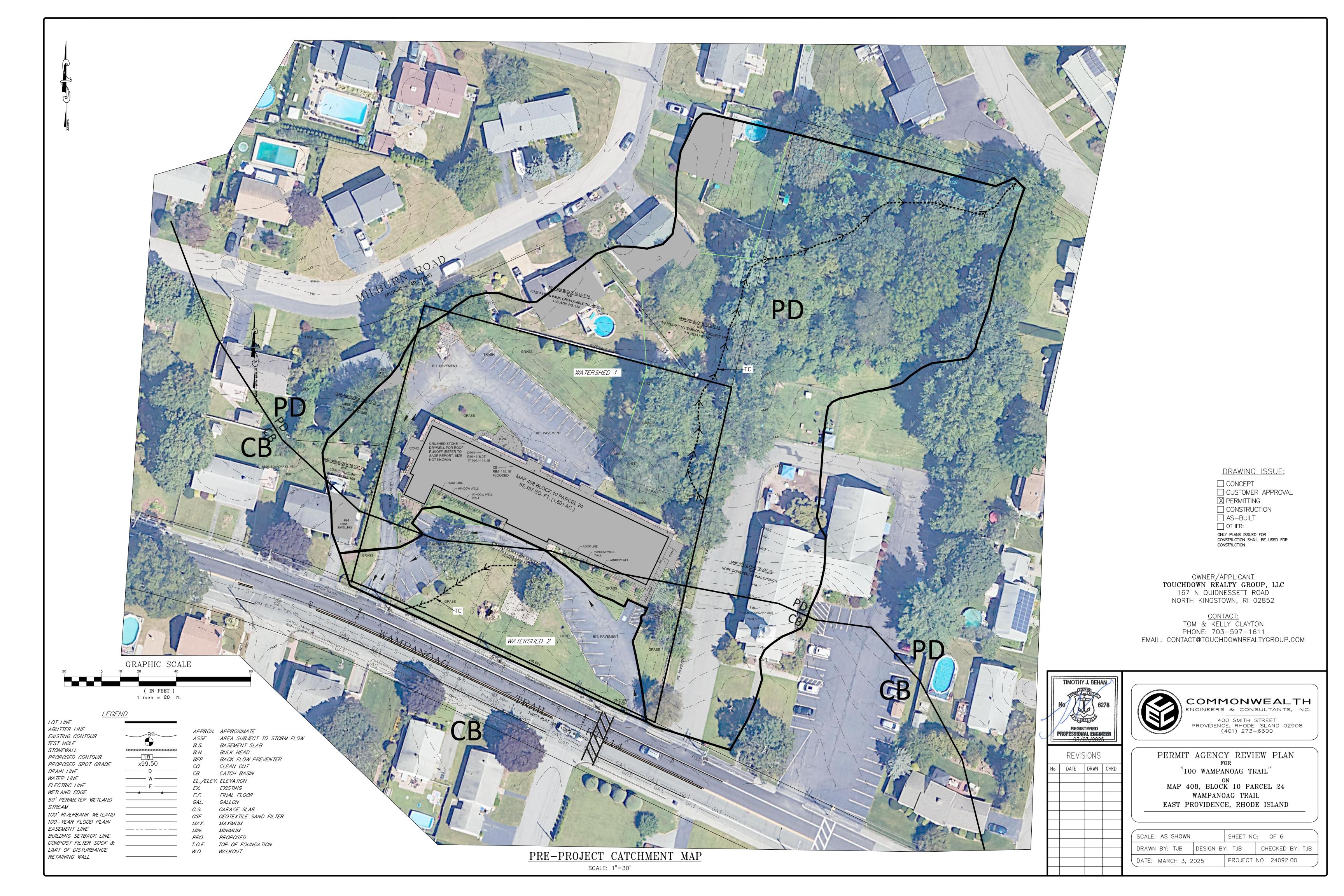
	Area (sf)	CN	Description		
	31,766	74	>75% Gras	s cover, Go	ood, HSG C
	34,110	98	Paved park	ing, HSG C	
	53,305	70	Woods, Go	od, HSG C	
	5,700	61	>75% Gras	s cover, Go	ood, HSG B
	10,265	98	Paved park	ing, HSG B	
,	135,146	80	Weighted A	verage	
	90,771		67.17% Per		
	44,375	98	32.83% Imp	pervious Ar	ea
	•				
7	c Length	Slope	e Velocity	Capacity	Description
(mii	n) (feet)	(ft/ft	•	(cfs)	·
21	.1 100	0.0200	0.08		Sheet Flow, SHEET
					Woods: Light underbrush n= 0.400 P2= 3.30"
5	.0 150	0.010	0.50		Shallow Concentrated Flow, SHALLOW 1%
					Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
4	.7 200	0.0200	0.71		Shallow Concentrated Flow, SHALLOW 2%
					Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
30	.8 450	Total			<u> </u>

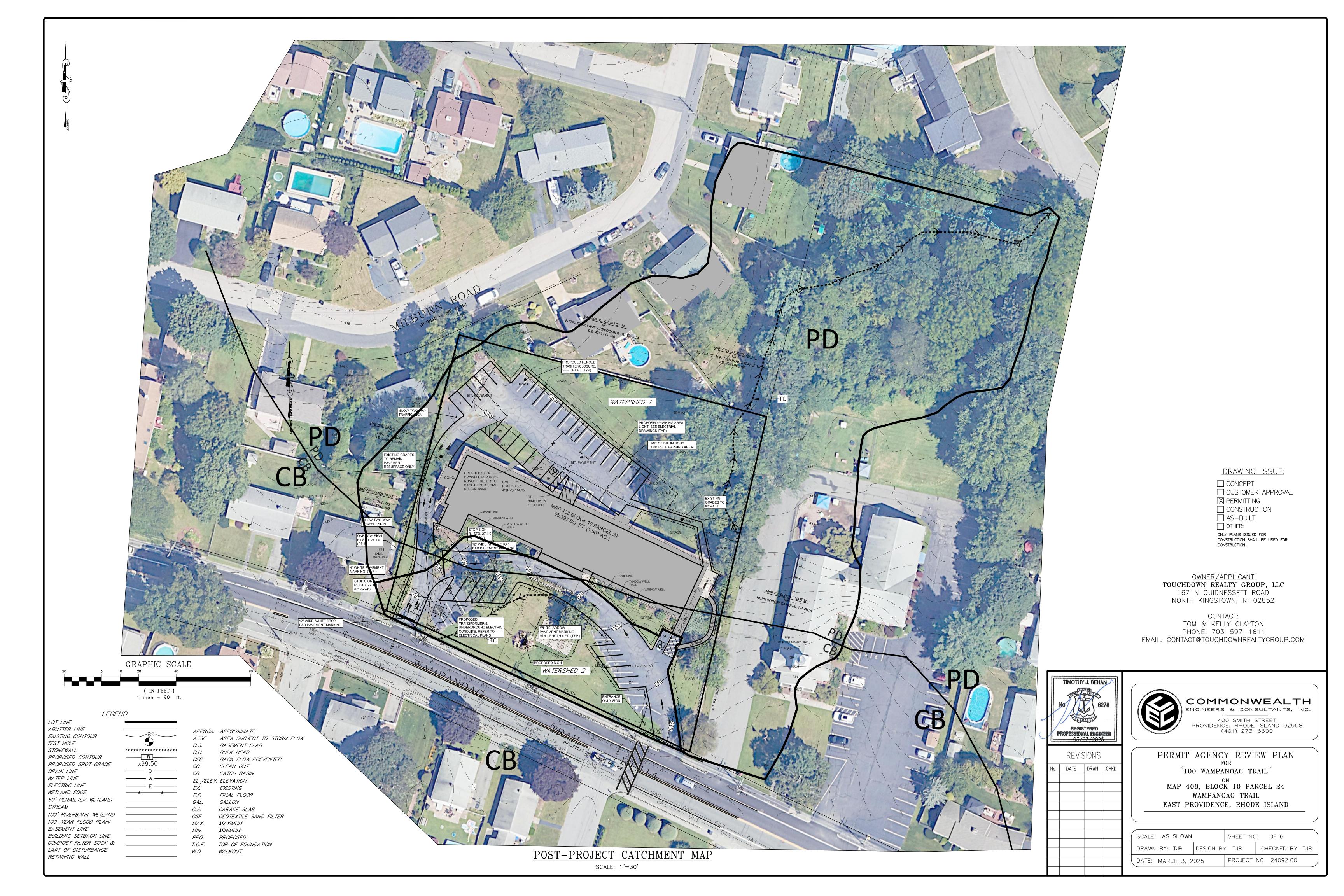
Summary for Subcatchment 5S: PR-WS2

Runoff = 2.72 cfs @ 12.14 hrs, Volume= 0.211 af, Depth> 5.56"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 5.00-20.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs Type III 24-hr 100-YR Rainfall=8.70"

_	A	rea (sf)	CN	Description		
		11,079	61	>75% Gras	s cover, Go	ood, HSG B
		7,523	98	Paved park	ing, HSG B	
_		1,192	98	Paved park	ing, HSG C	
		19,794	77	Weighted A	verage	
		11,079	61	55.97% Pei	rvious Area	
		8,715	98	44.03% lm	pervious Are	ea
	_		٥.			
	Tc	Length	Slope	,	Capacity	Description
_	(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft) (ft/sec)	(cfs)	
	9.6	100	0.0200	0.17		Sheet Flow, SHEET
						0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0







Natural Resources Conservation Service A product of the National Cooperative Soil Survey, a joint effort of the United States Department of Agriculture and other Federal agencies, State agencies including the Agricultural Experiment Stations, and local participants Custom Soil Resource Report for State of Rhode Island: Bristol, Kent, Newport, Providence, and Washington Counties 100 Wampanoag Trail



Preface

Soil surveys contain information that affects land use planning in survey areas. They highlight soil limitations that affect various land uses and provide information about the properties of the soils in the survey areas. Soil surveys are designed for many different users, including farmers, ranchers, foresters, agronomists, urban planners, community officials, engineers, developers, builders, and home buyers. Also, conservationists, teachers, students, and specialists in recreation, waste disposal, and pollution control can use the surveys to help them understand, protect, or enhance the environment.

Various land use regulations of Federal, State, and local governments may impose special restrictions on land use or land treatment. Soil surveys identify soil properties that are used in making various land use or land treatment decisions. The information is intended to help the land users identify and reduce the effects of soil limitations on various land uses. The landowner or user is responsible for identifying and complying with existing laws and regulations.

Although soil survey information can be used for general farm, local, and wider area planning, onsite investigation is needed to supplement this information in some cases. Examples include soil quality assessments (http://www.nrcs.usda.gov/wps/portal/nrcs/main/soils/health/) and certain conservation and engineering applications. For more detailed information, contact your local USDA Service Center (https://offices.sc.egov.usda.gov/locator/app?agency=nrcs) or your NRCS State Soil Scientist (http://www.nrcs.usda.gov/wps/portal/nrcs/detail/soils/contactus/?cid=nrcs142p2 053951).

Great differences in soil properties can occur within short distances. Some soils are seasonally wet or subject to flooding. Some are too unstable to be used as a foundation for buildings or roads. Clayey or wet soils are poorly suited to use as septic tank absorption fields. A high water table makes a soil poorly suited to basements or underground installations.

The National Cooperative Soil Survey is a joint effort of the United States Department of Agriculture and other Federal agencies, State agencies including the Agricultural Experiment Stations, and local agencies. The Natural Resources Conservation Service (NRCS) has leadership for the Federal part of the National Cooperative Soil Survey.

Information about soils is updated periodically. Updated information is available through the NRCS Web Soil Survey, the site for official soil survey information.

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Soil Map

The soil map section includes the soil map for the defined area of interest, a list of soil map units on the map and extent of each map unit, and cartographic symbols displayed on the map. Also presented are various metadata about data used to produce the map, and a description of each soil map unit.



MAP LEGEND

Area of Interest (AOI)

Area of Interest (AOI)

Soils

Soil Map Unit Polygons



Soil Map Unit Points

Special Point Features

Blowout ဖ

Borrow Pit

Clay Spot

Closed Depression

Gravel Pit

Gravelly Spot

Landfill

Lava Flow

Marsh or swamp

Mine or Quarry

Miscellaneous Water

Perennial Water

Rock Outcrop

Saline Spot

Sandy Spot

Severely Eroded Spot

Sinkhole

Slide or Slip

Sodic Spot

Spoil Area Stony Spot



Very Stony Spot



Wet Spot Other



Special Line Features

Water Features

Streams and Canals

Transportation

Rails ---

Interstate Highways

US Routes



Local Roads 00

Background

Aerial Photography

MAP INFORMATION

The soil surveys that comprise your AOI were mapped at 1:12.000.

Warning: Soil Map may not be valid at this scale.

Enlargement of maps beyond the scale of mapping can cause misunderstanding of the detail of mapping and accuracy of soil line placement. The maps do not show the small areas of contrasting soils that could have been shown at a more detailed scale.

Please rely on the bar scale on each map sheet for map measurements.

Source of Map: Natural Resources Conservation Service

Web Soil Survey URL:

Coordinate System: Web Mercator (EPSG:3857)

Maps from the Web Soil Survey are based on the Web Mercator projection, which preserves direction and shape but distorts distance and area. A projection that preserves area, such as the Albers equal-area conic projection, should be used if more accurate calculations of distance or area are required.

This product is generated from the USDA-NRCS certified data as of the version date(s) listed below.

Soil Survey Area: State of Rhode Island: Bristol, Kent, Newport, Providence, and Washington Counties

Survey Area Data: Version 24, Aug 30, 2024

Soil map units are labeled (as space allows) for map scales 1:50,000 or larger.

Date(s) aerial images were photographed: Jun 14, 2022—Jul 1, 2022

The orthophoto or other base map on which the soil lines were compiled and digitized probably differs from the background

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MAP LEGEND

MAP INFORMATION

imagery displayed on these maps. As a result, some minor shifting of map unit boundaries may be evident.

Map Unit Legend

Map Unit Symbol	Map Unit Name	Acres in AOI	Percent of AOI
СВ	Canton-Urban land complex	5.0	30.5%
PD	Paxton-Urban land complex, 3 to 15 percent slopes	11.4	69.5%
Totals for Area of Interest		16.5	100.0%

Map Unit Descriptions

The map units delineated on the detailed soil maps in a soil survey represent the soils or miscellaneous areas in the survey area. The map unit descriptions, along with the maps, can be used to determine the composition and properties of a unit.

A map unit delineation on a soil map represents an area dominated by one or more major kinds of soil or miscellaneous areas. A map unit is identified and named according to the taxonomic classification of the dominant soils. Within a taxonomic class there are precisely defined limits for the properties of the soils. On the landscape, however, the soils are natural phenomena, and they have the characteristic variability of all natural phenomena. Thus, the range of some observed properties may extend beyond the limits defined for a taxonomic class. Areas of soils of a single taxonomic class rarely, if ever, can be mapped without including areas of other taxonomic classes. Consequently, every map unit is made up of the soils or miscellaneous areas for which it is named and some minor components that belong to taxonomic classes other than those of the major soils.

Most minor soils have properties similar to those of the dominant soil or soils in the map unit, and thus they do not affect use and management. These are called noncontrasting, or similar, components. They may or may not be mentioned in a particular map unit description. Other minor components, however, have properties and behavioral characteristics divergent enough to affect use or to require different management. These are called contrasting, or dissimilar, components. They generally are in small areas and could not be mapped separately because of the scale used. Some small areas of strongly contrasting soils or miscellaneous areas are identified by a special symbol on the maps. If included in the database for a given area, the contrasting minor components are identified in the map unit descriptions along with some characteristics of each. A few areas of minor components may not have been observed, and consequently they are not mentioned in the descriptions, especially where the pattern was so complex that it was impractical to make enough observations to identify all the soils and miscellaneous areas on the landscape.

The presence of minor components in a map unit in no way diminishes the usefulness or accuracy of the data. The objective of mapping is not to delineate pure taxonomic classes but rather to separate the landscape into landforms or landform segments that have similar use and management requirements. The delineation of such segments on the map provides sufficient information for the development of resource plans. If intensive use of small areas is planned, however,

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onsite investigation is needed to define and locate the soils and miscellaneous areas.

An identifying symbol precedes the map unit name in the map unit descriptions. Each description includes general facts about the unit and gives important soil properties and qualities.

Soils that have profiles that are almost alike make up a *soil series*. Except for differences in texture of the surface layer, all the soils of a series have major horizons that are similar in composition, thickness, and arrangement.

Soils of one series can differ in texture of the surface layer, slope, stoniness, salinity, degree of erosion, and other characteristics that affect their use. On the basis of such differences, a soil series is divided into *soil phases*. Most of the areas shown on the detailed soil maps are phases of soil series. The name of a soil phase commonly indicates a feature that affects use or management. For example, Alpha silt loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes, is a phase of the Alpha series.

Some map units are made up of two or more major soils or miscellaneous areas. These map units are complexes, associations, or undifferentiated groups.

A *complex* consists of two or more soils or miscellaneous areas in such an intricate pattern or in such small areas that they cannot be shown separately on the maps. The pattern and proportion of the soils or miscellaneous areas are somewhat similar in all areas. Alpha-Beta complex, 0 to 6 percent slopes, is an example.

An association is made up of two or more geographically associated soils or miscellaneous areas that are shown as one unit on the maps. Because of present or anticipated uses of the map units in the survey area, it was not considered practical or necessary to map the soils or miscellaneous areas separately. The pattern and relative proportion of the soils or miscellaneous areas are somewhat similar. Alpha-Beta association, 0 to 2 percent slopes, is an example.

An *undifferentiated group* is made up of two or more soils or miscellaneous areas that could be mapped individually but are mapped as one unit because similar interpretations can be made for use and management. The pattern and proportion of the soils or miscellaneous areas in a mapped area are not uniform. An area can be made up of only one of the major soils or miscellaneous areas, or it can be made up of all of them. Alpha and Beta soils, 0 to 2 percent slopes, is an example.

Some surveys include *miscellaneous areas*. Such areas have little or no soil material and support little or no vegetation. Rock outcrop is an example.

State of Rhode Island: Bristol, Kent, Newport, Providence, and Washington Counties

CB—Canton-Urban land complex

Map Unit Setting

National map unit symbol: 9ltv

Elevation: 0 to 810 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 44 to 50 inches Mean annual air temperature: 48 to 50 degrees F

Frost-free period: 115 to 195 days

Farmland classification: Not prime farmland

Map Unit Composition

Canton and similar soils: 40 percent

Urban land: 30 percent

Minor components: 30 percent

Estimates are based on observations, descriptions, and transects of the mapunit.

Description of Canton

Setting

Landform: Hills

Down-slope shape: Convex Across-slope shape: Convex

Parent material: Coarse-loamy over sandy and gravelly melt-out till derived from

granite and/or schist and/or gneiss

Typical profile

Oe - 0 to 1 inches: moderately decomposed plant material

A - 1 to 3 inches: gravelly fine sandy loam
Bw1 - 3 to 15 inches: gravelly loam
Bw2 - 15 to 24 inches: gravelly loam
Bw3 - 24 to 30 inches: gravelly loam

2C - 30 to 60 inches: very gravelly loamy sand

Properties and qualities

Slope: 0 to 15 percent

Depth to restrictive feature: More than 80 inches

Drainage class: Well drained

Runoff class: Low

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high to high

(0.57 to 5.95 in/hr)

Depth to water table: More than 80 inches

Frequency of flooding: None Frequency of ponding: None

Available water supply, 0 to 60 inches: Low (about 5.6 inches)

Interpretive groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): None specified

Land capability classification (nonirrigated): 2e

Hydrologic Soil Group: B

Ecological site: F144AY034CT - Well Drained Till Uplands

Hydric soil rating: No

Description of Urban Land

Setting

Parent material: Human transported material

Typical profile

R - 0 to 6 inches: variable

Interpretive groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): None specified

Land capability classification (nonirrigated): 8s

Hydric soil rating: No

Minor Components

Charlton

Percent of map unit: 6 percent

Landform: Hills

Down-slope shape: Linear Across-slope shape: Convex

Hydric soil rating: No

Gloucester

Percent of map unit: 6 percent

Landform: Hills

Down-slope shape: Convex Across-slope shape: Convex

Hydric soil rating: No

Udorthents

Percent of map unit: 5 percent Down-slope shape: Linear Across-slope shape: Linear Hydric soil rating: No

Narragansett

Percent of map unit: 5 percent Landform: Till plains, hills Down-slope shape: Linear Across-slope shape: Convex Hydric soil rating: No

Paxton

Percent of map unit: 5 percent Landform: Hills, drumlins Down-slope shape: Linear Across-slope shape: Convex Hydric soil rating: No

Sutton

Percent of map unit: 3 percent

Landform: Drainageways, depressions Down-slope shape: Concave, linear

Across-slope shape: Concave

Hydric soil rating: No

PD—Paxton-Urban land complex, 3 to 15 percent slopes

Map Unit Setting

National map unit symbol: 2w67k

Elevation: 0 to 930 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 36 to 71 inches
Mean annual air temperature: 39 to 55 degrees F

Frost-free period: 145 to 240 days

Farmland classification: Not prime farmland

Map Unit Composition

Paxton and similar soils: 45 percent

Urban land: 35 percent

Minor components: 20 percent

Estimates are based on observations, descriptions, and transects of the mapunit.

Description of Paxton

Setting

Landform: Ground moraines, hills, drumlins

Landform position (two-dimensional): Shoulder, summit, backslope

Landform position (three-dimensional): Side slope, crest

Down-slope shape: Convex, linear Across-slope shape: Convex

Parent material: Coarse-loamy lodgment till derived from gneiss, granite, and/or

schist

Typical profile

Ap - 0 to 8 inches: fine sandy loam
Bw1 - 8 to 15 inches: fine sandy loam
Bw2 - 15 to 26 inches: fine sandy loam
Cd - 26 to 65 inches: gravelly fine sandy loam

Properties and qualities

Slope: 3 to 15 percent

Depth to restrictive feature: 20 to 39 inches to densic material

Drainage class: Well drained Runoff class: Medium

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Very low to moderately

low (0.00 to 0.14 in/hr)

Depth to water table: About 18 to 37 inches

Frequency of flooding: None Frequency of ponding: None

Maximum salinity: Nonsaline (0.0 to 1.9 mmhos/cm)

Available water supply, 0 to 60 inches: Low (about 4.1 inches)

Interpretive groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): None specified

Land capability classification (nonirrigated): 3e

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Hydrologic Soil Group: C

Ecological site: F144AY007CT - Well Drained Dense Till Uplands

Hydric soil rating: No

Description of Urban Land

Typical profile

M - 0 to 10 inches: cemented material

Properties and qualities

Slope: 3 to 15 percent

Depth to restrictive feature: 0 inches to manufactured layer

Runoff class: Very high

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Very low (0.00 to 0.00

Available water supply, 0 to 60 inches: Very low (about 0.0 inches)

Interpretive groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): None specified

Land capability classification (nonirrigated): 8

Hydrologic Soil Group: D Hydric soil rating: Unranked

Minor Components

Woodbridge

Percent of map unit: 9 percent

Landform: Ground moraines, hills, drumlins

Landform position (two-dimensional): Backslope, footslope, summit

Landform position (three-dimensional): Side slope, crest

Down-slope shape: Concave Across-slope shape: Linear Hydric soil rating: No

Charlton

Percent of map unit: 6 percent

Landform: Hills

Landform position (two-dimensional): Shoulder, backslope, summit

Landform position (three-dimensional): Side slope, crest

Down-slope shape: Convex Across-slope shape: Convex

Hydric soil rating: No

Udorthents

Percent of map unit: 4 percent Down-slope shape: Linear Across-slope shape: Linear Hydric soil rating: No

Ridgebury

Percent of map unit: 1 percent

Landform: Drumlins, depressions, ground moraines, hills, drainageways

Landform position (two-dimensional): Toeslope, footslope Landform position (three-dimensional): Base slope, head slope

Down-slope shape: Concave, linear Across-slope shape: Concave, linear

Hydric soil rating: Yes

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