Water System Existing and Future Supply

Presentation to the East Providence City Council

Robert Otoski, P.E. Kevin Schott, P.E.

February 2021





WATER + ENVIRONMENT + TRANSPORTATION + ENERGY + FACILITIES

Presentation Outline

- East Providence Water Supply Transmission
- Transmission Main Pipe Types
- Criticality of Transmission Main Inspection
- Proposed Condition Assessment
- Supplemental Supply Options
- Conclusion

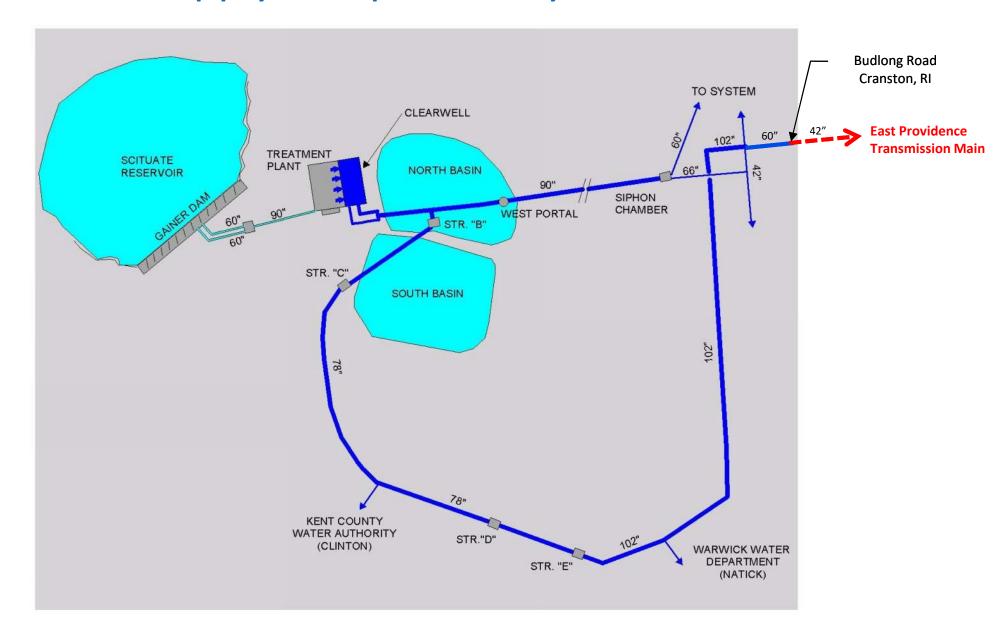




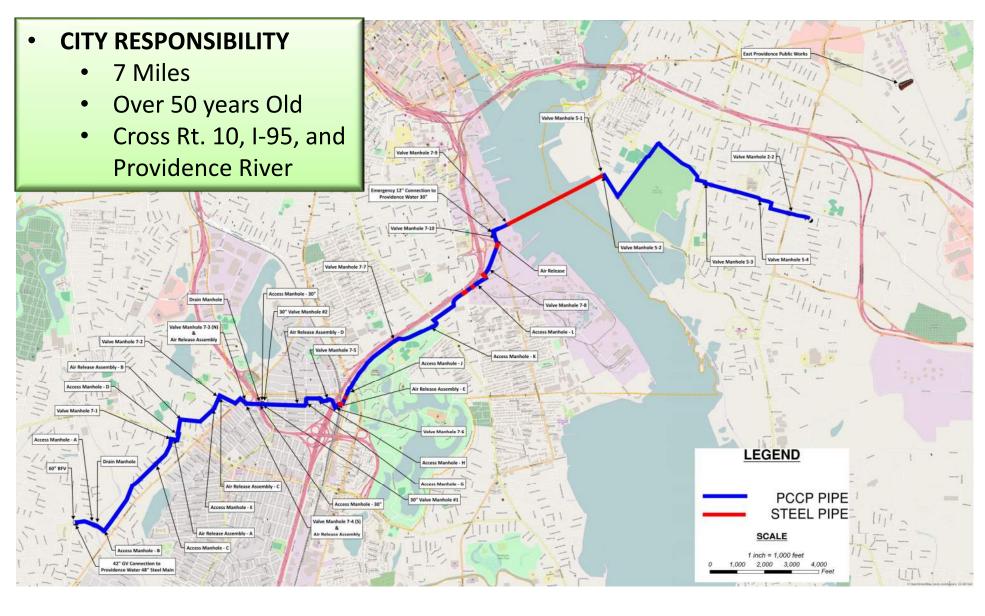


East Providence Water Supply Transmission

Water Supply & Aqueduct System



East Providence 42-inch Transmission Main Route

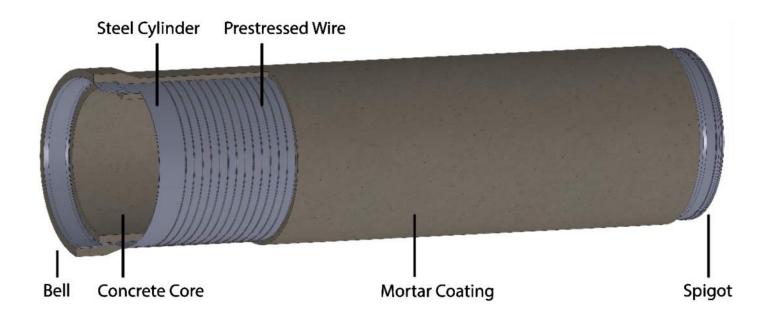




Transmission Main Pipe Types

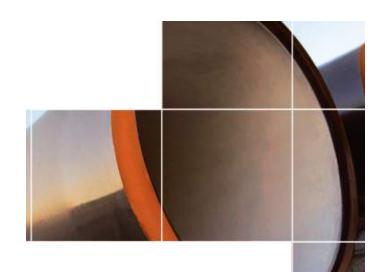
What is PCCP Pipe?

- 2 Types
 - Lined Cylinder Pipe East Providence Transmission Main
 - Embedded Cylinder Pipe
- Lined Cylinder Pipe Consists of:



What is Steel Pipe?

- Consists of:
 - Interior Cement Lining
 - Steel Pipe
 - Protective Exterior Coating
- East Providence Steel Pipe Locations
 - Under Railroad Tracks
 - River Crossing
- Corrosion Control
 - Cathodic Protection System
 - Environmental Control





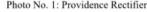




Photo No. 4: East Providence Rectifie

November 1996 Rupture of 102-inch PCCP

Two cities face loss of water



Almond declares emergency as Warwick, East Providence brace for worst

The regard trans bound of the control of the contro



- East Providence
 - 42" Mfr. Date = 1967 1969
- Providence
 - 102" Mfr. Date = 1966 1967

Why Perform a System Assessment?



- Reduce failures (asset management)
- Make informed decisions (long-term operations)
- Proactive rehabilitation and maintenance

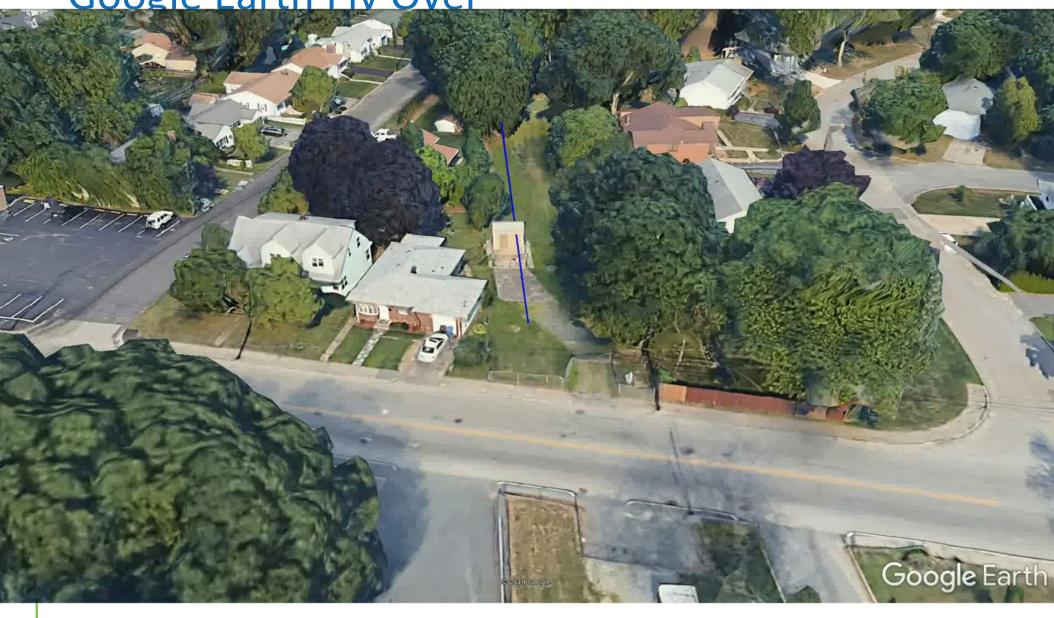






Criticality of Transmission Main Inspection

Google Earth Fly Over



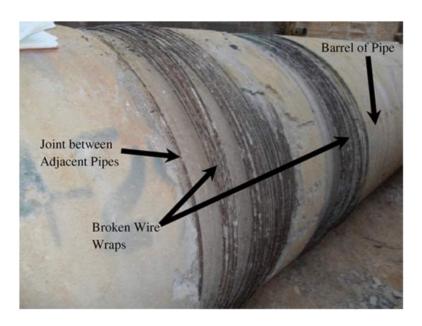
Field Walk 112414



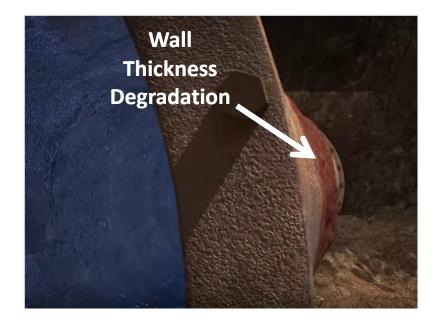
Proposed Condition Assessment

Elements of Condition Assessment

- PCCP
 - Pipe Location
 - Detected Defects
 - Wire Breaks
 - Failure Risk Assessment



- Steel
 - Pipe Location
 - Detected Defects
 - Wall Thickness Degradation
 - Fitness for Service Evaluation



Assessment Program Objectives

- Non-Destructive Testing
- Maintain Supply to City
- Leak Detection
- Electromagnetic Inspection
- Determine Repair Priorities of Distressed Pipes
- Identify Areas of Distress of Steel Pipes



Electromagnetic Inspection

of the 78-inch Supplemental Tunnel & Aqueduct, Upstream Section

Report Prepared for:



Pure Technologies U.S. Inc.

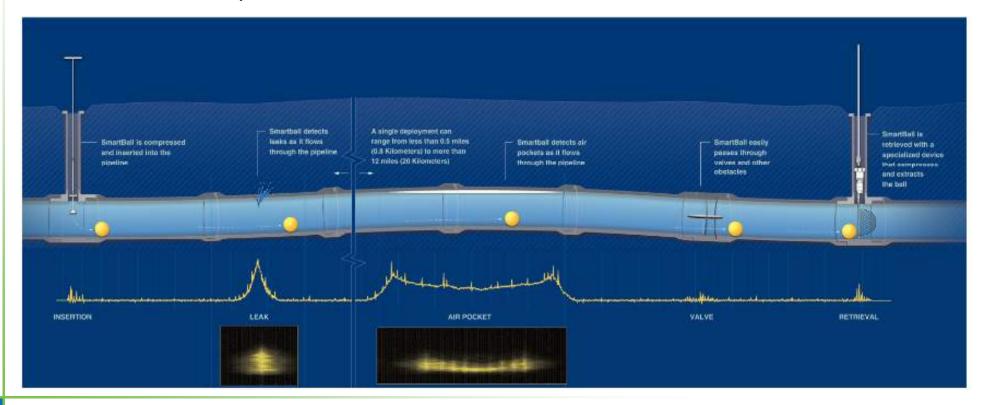
Pure Technologies Smart Ball Acoustic Leak Detection

Ideal Application

- Large pipelines (16-inches+)
- Long distances (up to 20 miles)
- In-Service Pipelines

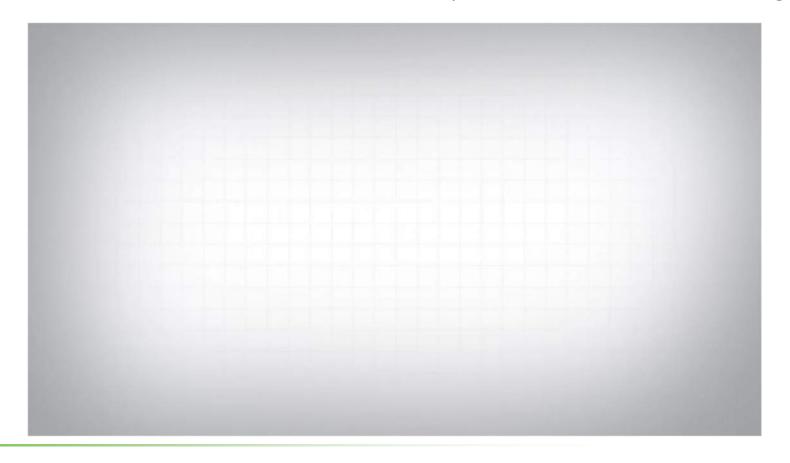
Inspection Technology

- Leak detection
- Air pockets



Pure Technologies Pipe Diver EM Inspection

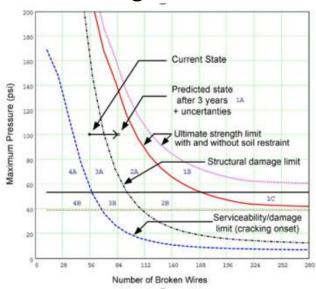
- No disruption to regular pipeline service.
- Long inspection distances can be covered in a single deployment.
- Accurate results that pinpoint areas of distress to help optimize repair planning.
- Effective on a variety of pipe materials.
- More cost-effective than methods that require shutdown and dewatering.



Condition Assessment Report

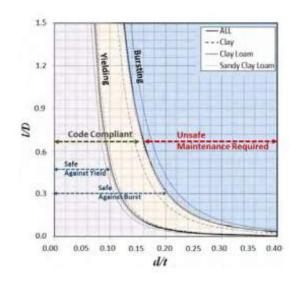
PCCP

- Determine Repair Priorities
- Patented finite-element analysis
- Primary Limit States
 - Serviceability limit state
 - Damage limit state
 - Strength limit state



Steel Pipe Sections

- Based on difference between
 Design and Current wall thickness
- Comparison with AWWA Design Standards
 - Wall thickness degradation
 - Detected defects



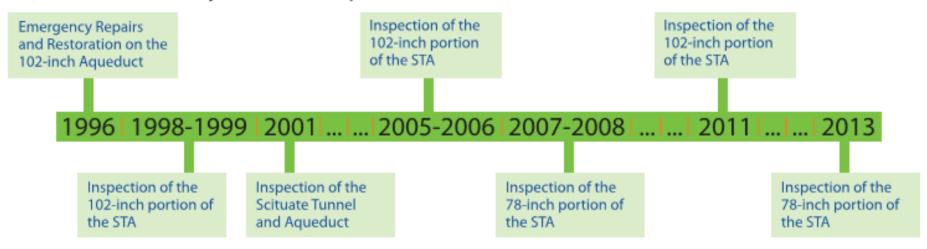
Costs (February 2021)

- Phase 1 Pre-inspection Planning work
 - Pure Technologies Contractor \$50,000 (approx.)
 - Engineering & Implementation Budget \$35,000 (approx.)
 - TOTAL PHASE 1 PROJECT BUDGET = \$85,000 (approx.)
- Phase 2 Inspection and Analysis Work
 - Pure Technologies Contractor \$750,000 (approx.)
 - Construction Support \$25,000 to \$250,000
 - Engineering & Implementation Budget = \$75,000
 - TOTAL PHASE 2 PROJECT BUDGET \$850,000 to \$1,075,000
- Potential cost of pipeline failure = \$ MILLIONS and Loss of Supply

Schedule

- Useful life of PCCP ≈ 30 100 years
- East Providence PCCP ≈50
- Immediate implementation recommended
- Total Time of Inspection ≈ 12 18 months

CDM Smith History with PW Aqueducts



Potential Rehabilitation/Repair Options

- Interior/Exterior Patching
- External Reinforcing
- Internal Lining / Coating
- Slip Lining
- Replacement







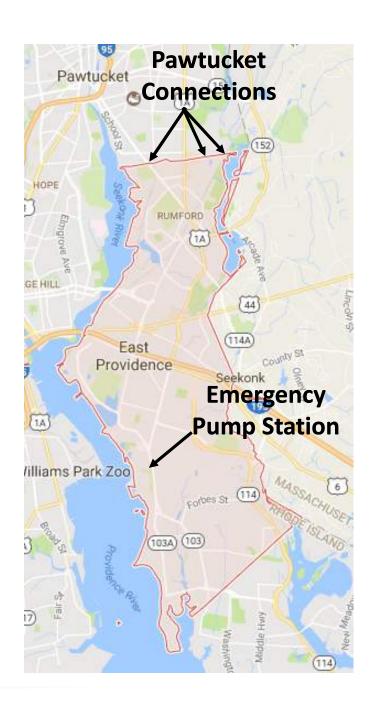




Supplemental Supply Options

Existing Supply Options

- Currently 100% Dependent on Providence Water
- Limited Emergency Supply Options
 - Pump Station from BCWA
 - 3 Unmetered Pawtucket Connections
- 2 Metered Connections under Construction
 - 3.5 mgd total capacity



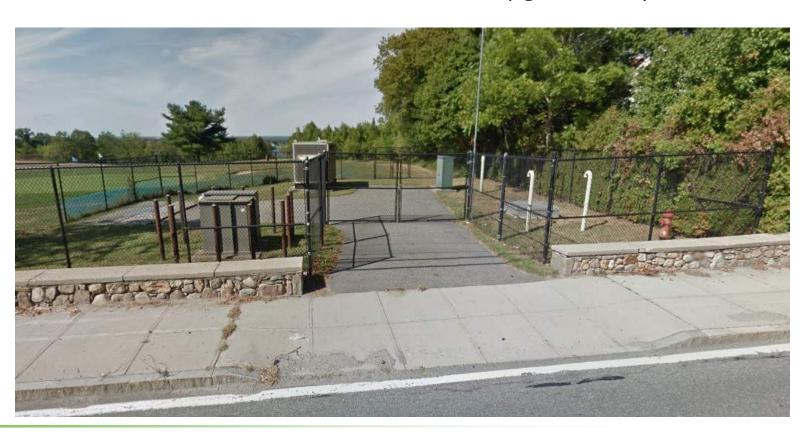
Providence Water Existing Pawtucket Avenue Pump Station

Advantages

Supply up to 3 mgd

Disadvantages

- Dependent on Providence Water
- Shared Pipeline with BCWA
- Upgrades required



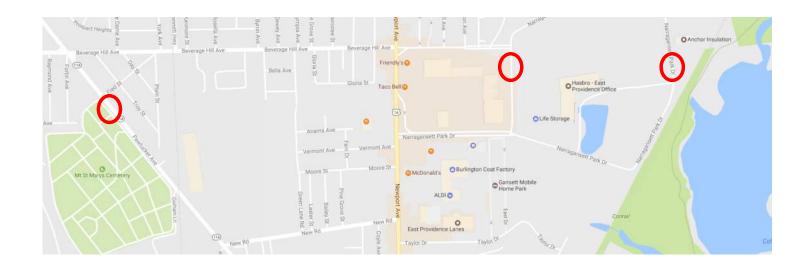
Pawtucket Water Existing Emergency Interconnections

Advantages

 Connections have been used for emergencies in the past

Disadvantages

- Water Quality Mixing of Water
- Only available for temporary use
- Limited supply



Backup Supply Options

- Providence Water:
 - BCWA proposed 24" transmission main from Pawtucket Avenue Pump Station to Kent Heights Storage Tank
- Pawtucket Water
 - Proposed Narragansett Park Drive and Pawtucket Avenue Connections
 - Construction Complete Summer 2021



Conclusion

Next Steps

- Proceed with improvements to existing Pawtucket
 Emergency Interconnections (under construction)
- Continue working with BCWA on 24" interconnection
- Proceed with preliminary planning work required to inspect City's 42" transmission main
- Conduct inspection and perform condition assessment of 42" transmission main
- Determine need for pipeline rehabilitation